

## Facial Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms In A Central Indian

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Cephalometric analysis depends on cephalometric radiography to study relationships between bony and soft tissue landmarks and can be used to diagnose facial growth abnormalities prior to treatment, in the middle of treatment to evaluate progress, or at the conclusion of treatment to ascertain that the goals of treatment have been met.

[Cephalometric analysis](#) [Wikipedia](#)

Orthodontic norms for facial traits can permit their measurement. Further, with a knowledge of standard facial traits and the patient's soft tissue features, an individualized norm can be established for each patient to optimize facial attractiveness.

[Cephalometric soft tissue facial analysis](#)

Our study shows that the mean value is 69.62 mm (SD = 4.92 mm) for females. The values of lower facial height from our study are in close proximity, but on the higher side with the reference range of 57-74 mm.1,2Our values are slightly more than those given by Arnett and Bergman2(60-68 mm).

[Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms for Central India \(Malwa](#)

Facial Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms in a Central Indian Ethnic Population 1 Shruti Chhajed, 2 Sridhar Kodumuru, 3 Gurmukh Singh, 4 AV Arun, 5 Sudheer Kumar Cholleti, 6 Sonal Kothari

[Facial Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms in a Central Indian](#)

Facial harmony and balance are determined by the facial skeleton and its overlying soft tissue structure. The methodology of cephalometric radiography led to the development of numerous cephalometric studies dealing with norms which provide useful guidelines in orthodontic diagnosis and treatment planning.

[Arnett 's Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms For Himachali](#)

First, previous hard-tissue cephalometric norms ' showed that sexual dimor- 1188 CHINESE SOFT-TISSUE CEPHALOMETRIC NORMS FIGURE 3. Diagram of Holdaway's soft-tissue analysis. The numbers correspond to those in Table 2. phism was generally considered insignificant for angular measurements, although linear measurements in males were generally slightly larger.

[Soft tissue cephalometric norms in Chinese adults with](#)

"CEPHALOMETRIC SOFT TISSUE ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUALS WITH PLEASANT FACES". The aims and objectives of the study were: 1. To establish an organized and comprehensive approach to soft tissue facial analyses based on facial attractiveness in Lucknow population 2. To correlate the applicability of the norms

[Cephalometric soft Tissue Analysis of Individuals with](#)

Soft tissues play the primary role of physical appearance and facial esthetics. This study aimed to establish soft-tissue cephalometric standards in North Indian adults, which can be used in diagnosis, treatment planning, and stability of orthodontic ...

[Soft tissue cephalometric norms in a north Indian ethnic](#)

The present study has produced normative soft-tissue cephalometric data for a North Indian population, which will aid in diagnosis and treatment planning. From the results of the present study, the following conclusions can be drawn: Women have more convex facial soft-tissue profile than men; Men have more prominent nose than women

[Soft tissue cephalometric norms in a north Indian ethnic](#)

The objective of our study was to determine the soft-tissue cephalometric norms for the Lambada population, to define gender differences and to correlate the variables, skeletal convexity (SC ...

[\(PDF\) Facial Soft Tissue Thickness in Forensic Facial](#)

Among FSTT correlations with cephalometric soft-tissue measurements, the highest correlations were noted with UL thickness at A point ( $r = 0.415 - 0.783$ ,  $p = 0.001$ ). Among the soft tissue measurements moderately to highly correlated with FSTT values were 4 linear measurements (UL thickness at A point, Upper and lower lip lengths and inferior sulcus to H line) and 4 angular profile measurements (Nasofacial angle, nasomental angle, nasofrontal angle and mentolabial angle).

[Facial soft tissue thickness differences among different](#)

tissue facial prole of a sample of turkish adults to european american s norms using persian adults were shown to have four distinguished soft tissue variables from the one reported by holdaway namely. ... with download citation soft tissue cephalometric norms in japanese adults lateral soft tissue

[Soft Tissue Norms Of Western Up Population Variable Growth](#)

The current study developed and compared cephalometric measurements of soft tissue facial profile of a sample of Turkish adults to European-American's norms using Legan and Burstone analysis. The sample was limited to young adults with a mean age of 22 years because the vast majority of orthodontic patients are young adults [ 24 , 29 , 30 ].

[Comparison of Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms between](#)

The introduction of cephalometric radiography in orthodontic diagnosis in- advertently shifted the specialty's attention from the facial soft tissues to the skeletal structures. It has been shown that rigid adherence to the hard tissue norms results in neither facial balance and harmony nor long-term retention.

[Facial Soft Tissue Harmony and Growth in Orthodontic Treatment](#)

Aim: Based on Arnett 's soft tissue cephalometric analysis (STCA), the present study aims to establish cephalometric norms for central Indian population and any significant sexual dimorphism. Materials and methods: The digital lateral cephalograms of 100 adults (50 males and 50 females) between the age group of 17 to 25 years with normal occlusion and well-balanced faces were obtained.

[Facial Soft Tissue Cephalometric Norms in a Central](#) [CORE](#)

Objective: To establish soft-tissue cephalometric norms of Kashmiri population and to compare them with European-American norms. Material and Methods: A total of 102 subjects falling in the age group of 19 to 25 years were selected from random and representative sample of 5317.

[Soft tissue Cephalometric Norms of Kashmiri Population](#)

The norm is commonly referred to as the mean or average. On the contrary, however, the norm, as it is applied in cephalometrics, is not a set of averages. The average patient in any given population will generally deviate from the norm, because the norm is derived from samples demonstrating ideal dental occlusions of the class I variety.

[26: Cephalometrics and Facial Esthetics: The Key to](#)

Cephalometric norms in Japanese adults. Lateral cephalometric norms are specific for the racial group, but these values should not be interpreted as treatment goals. Normative data represents an aid for the diagnosis and treatment planning of orthognathic surgery according to the needs and expectations of each individual patient. Lateral cephalometric norms are specific for the racial group, but these values should not be interpreted as treatment goals.

[Cephalometric norms in Japanese adults](#)

Statistical comparison of Soft Tissue Cephalometric norms between fameles and males in our study. The facial skin angle and the distance between the most anterior point of the upper lip and Rickett's line were the only significant difference.

[Soft Tissue Cephalometric Standards for a Moroccan Teenage](#)

Cephalometric landmarks were located according to Holdaway analysis. Ten linear and two angular measurements were produced on each radiograph. Results: The soft-tissue measurements for the Palestinians were similar to the Holdaway norms, except for the soft-tissue convexity angle and soft-tissue chin thickness, which were larger than the Holdaway averages.